University of Nottingham UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

Levelling-up via CIVIC and shopping data





Digital Footprints



N/LAB

University of Nottingham CHINA | MALAYSIA

Can "Big Data" and AI help produce better insights to help improve people's lives?

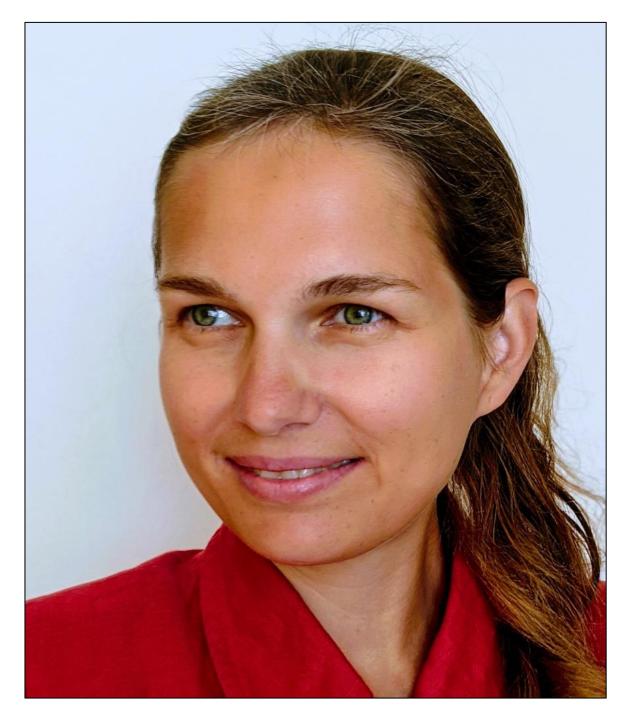
University of BRISTOL F o o t p r i n t s





About us





Dr James Goulding University of Nottingham



Dr Anya Skatova University of Bristol



Dr Georgiana Nica-Avram University of Nottingham





A Highly Multidisciplinary Team:



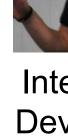
Data Science



Behavioural Science



Geospatial Science





Data Linkage

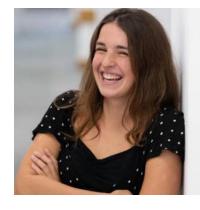
Machine Learning



Consumer Analytics



Qualitative Research



Computer Science



Computer Science



Mathematics & Statistics







International Development



Consumer Research



Behavioural Psychology



Business Analytics



Computer Science



Network Science



Consumer Psychology



Statistics





Ecology



Computer Science



Behavioural Science



Shopping data: Examples of projects

	Individual level	Aggregated
Standalone	Diet and Lifestyle: Lunch time calorie consumption; Context driven choice in food and alcohol	<u>Mental Health</u> - understanding seasonal depression/anxiety <u>Transport and Mobility</u> - via CDR data
	Ovarian Cancer: Early detection of symptoms Sustainability: Psychology of plastic bags' consumption Consumer Behaviour: Propensity to buy on promotions COVID: Individual level validation of COVID-related symptoms	COVID: Predicting local outbreaks (CIVIC) OTC medication: Seasonal variation in mood and OTC; OTC medication and deprivation; Food Poverty: Identifying UK food insecurity Period Poverty: Menstrual pain and deprivation Laxatives mis-use: Assessing policy change Chronic pain: Purchase of painkillers and part time working Diabetes: Links between risk and sugar





Modelling and mapping food-insecurity

Food-insecurity is a **widely reported problem in the UK**:

 \rightarrow Yet measurement is almost *non-existent*.

 \rightarrow The few exceptions are surveys that are one-off, expensive, geographically sparse, and soon out of date.

 \rightarrow The consequence is that existing data is irrelevant to local authorities trying to help **communities in need.**



Round	Surveyer	Dates conducted	Sample Size	Participants	Country
1	YouGov	25th-26th March 2020	2070	Adults (18+)	Great Britain
2	YouGov	7th-9th April 2020	4343	Adults (18+)	Great Britain
3	YouGov	24th-29th April 2020	2284	Adults in households with children	United Kingdom
4	YouGov	14th-17th May 2020	4352	Adults (18+)	United Kingdom
5	YouGov	6th-8th July 2020	4350	Adults (18+)	United Kingdom
6a	Childwise	8th-20th September 2020	1064	Children aged 7-17 (Year 2+)	United Kingdom
6b	YouGov	24th August-1st September 2020	10845	Adults (18+)	United Kingdom
7a	Childwise	22nd Jan-2nd February 2021	1308	Children aged 7-17 (Year 2+)	United Kingdom
7b	YouGov	29th Jan-2nd February 2021	4231	Adults (18+)	United Kingdom
8	YouGov	4th-9th August 2021	6490	Adults (18+)	United Kingdom
9	YouGov	18th-20th January 2022	4186	💁 The Fo	nit (Ki gdom
10	YouGov	22nd-29th April 2022	10,67	Found	United Kingdom

Marcus Rashford petition to end child food poverty signed by over 1m people

It comes as pressure builds on government to U-turn on free school meals



▲ Marcus Rashford and his mother, Melanie, visit FareShare in Greater Manchester on 22 October. Photograph: Mark Waugh/AP

Coronavirus: Panic buyers strip shelves as England prepares for lockdown

Despite stores remaining open and assurances that there is enough for everyone, some shoppers appear to be panic buying.

Tuesday 3 November 2020 15:16, UK



Government outsourcing of food parcels forced clinically vulnerable to shield without food



The Government's food box scheme was supposed to be a lifeline for the clinically vulnerable. They were told to stay inside and often could not get deliveries from supermarkets. But our research suggests the scheme was used to palm off on the vulnerable unwanted, and sometimes unsuitable, supplies from elsewhere in the food chain. And that the Government's preferred contractors, chosen without a tender process, may have reaped substantial profits...



University of Nottingham UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

Levelling-up food insecurity systems

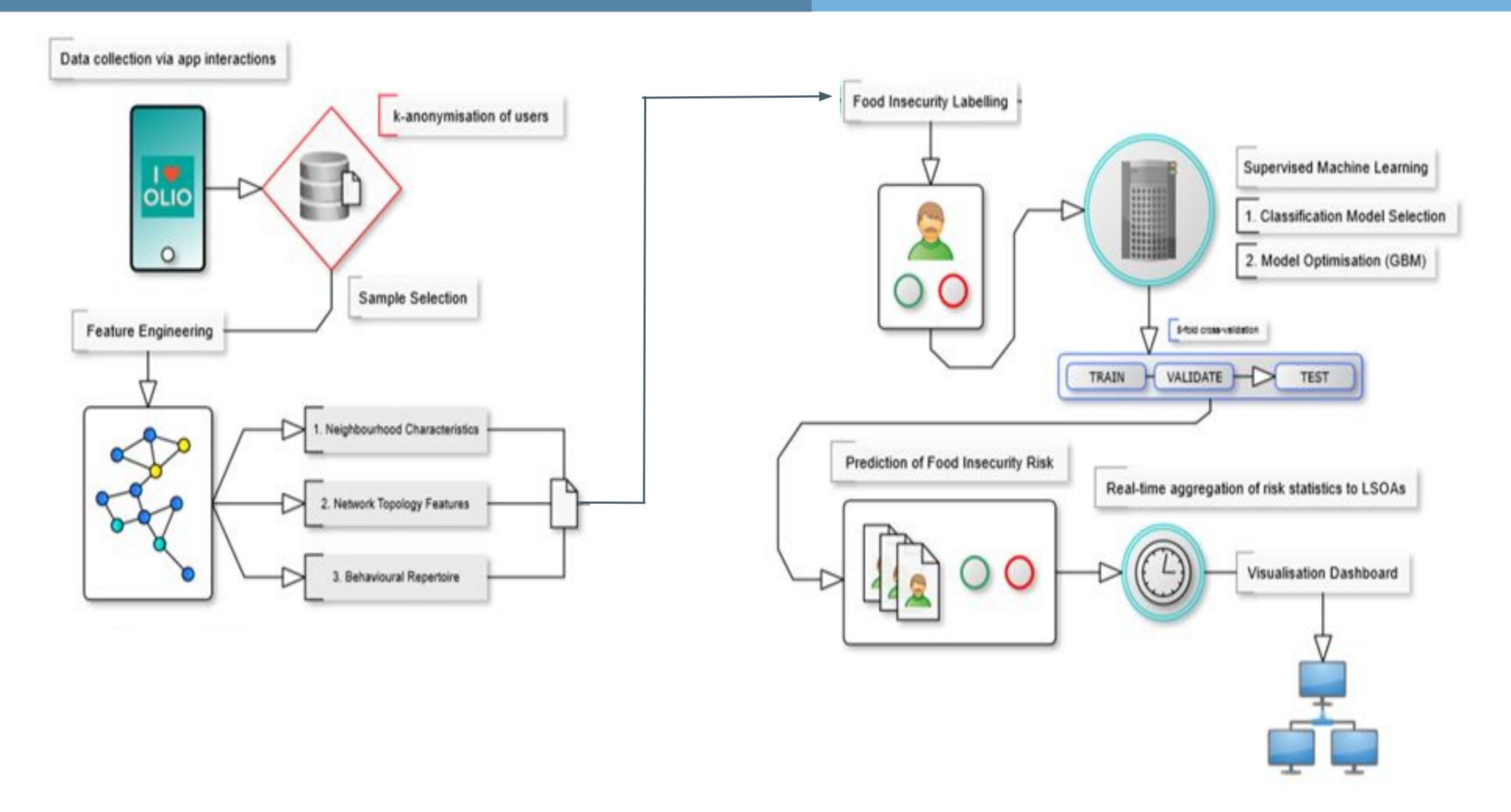


NLAB Digital Footprints





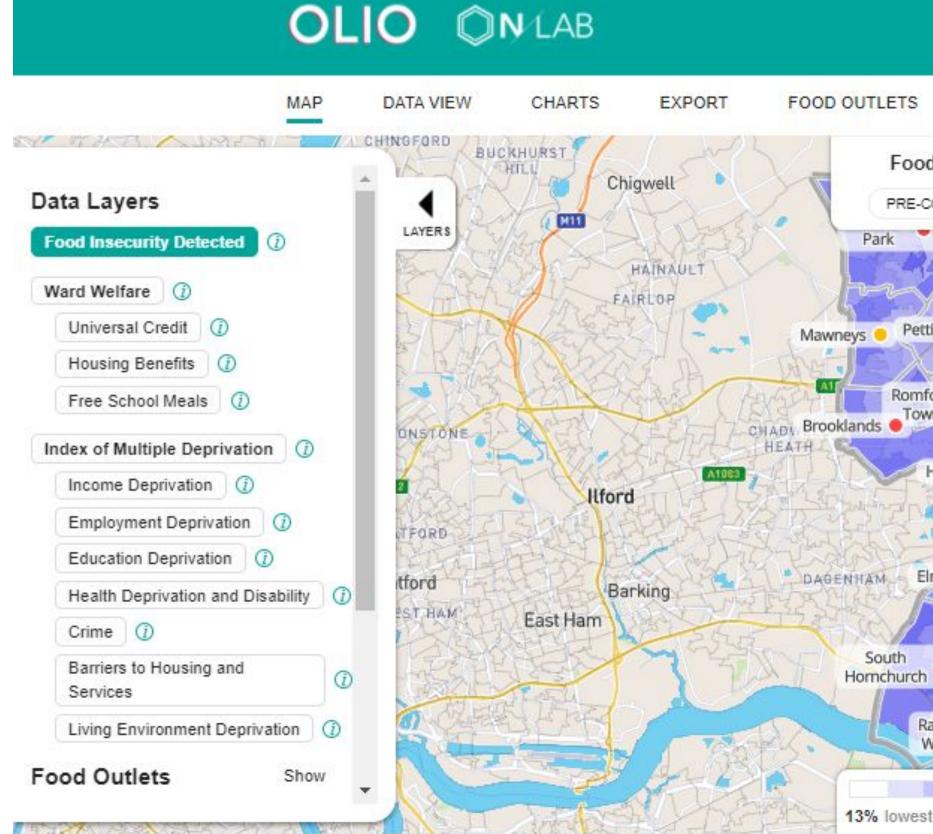
Partnership with Havering Council and London Assembly







Partnership with Havering Council and London Assembly



 \rightarrow Produce food-security prevalence \rightarrow Use interface to measure effectiveness estimates at local area level. of food interventions in Havering.

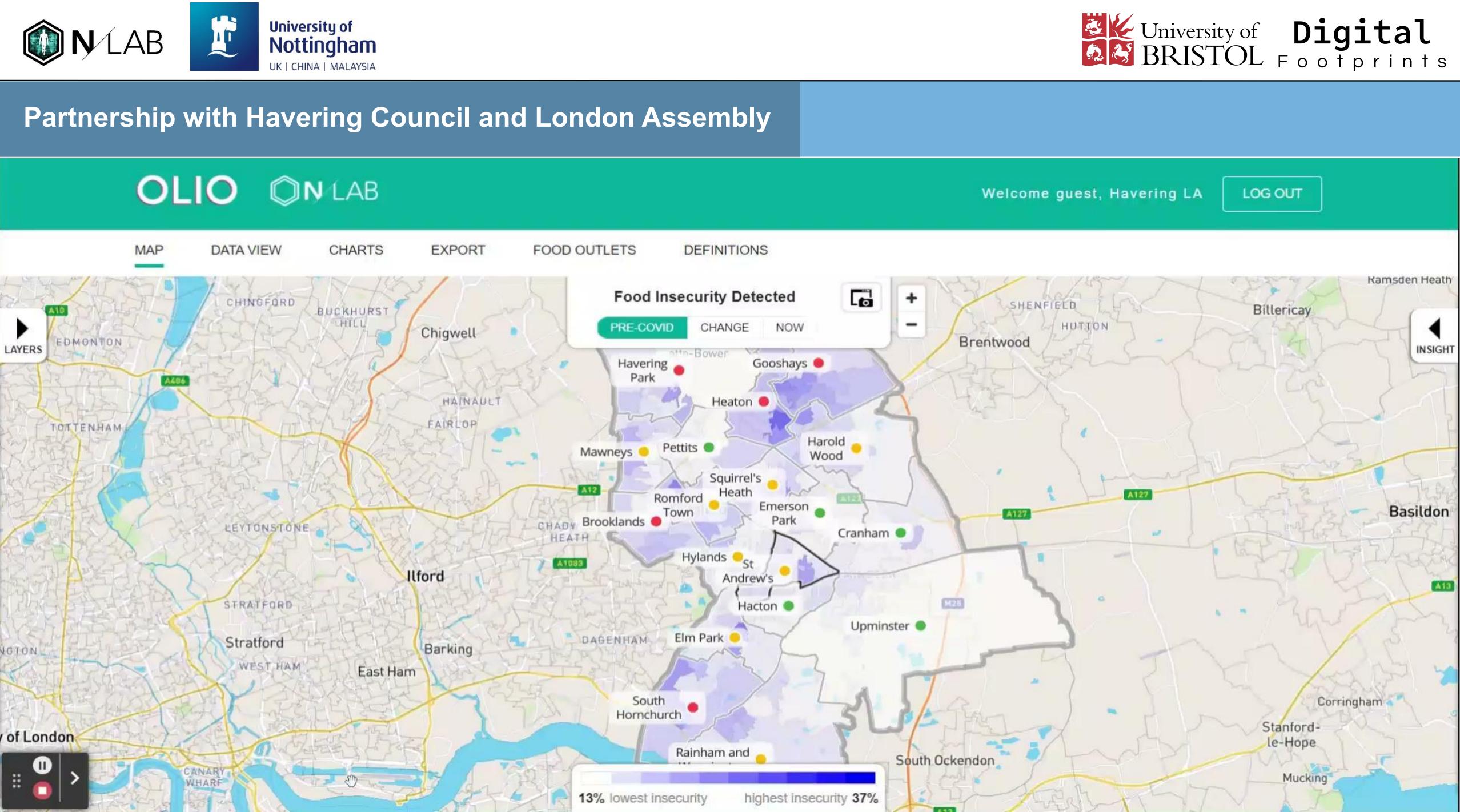


Welcome guest, Havering LA LOG OUT DEFINITIONS SHENFIELD Billeric 6 Food Insecurity Detected _ rentwood Squirrel's Heath PRE-COVID CHANGE NOW IN SIGHT Population 14,260 Heaton 😑 Food Insecurity Detected 25% medium 1 Harold Pettits 🔍 Wood Squirrel's Notes: Squirrel's Heath is indicating medium food insecurity. The score is worse Heath A127 Romford than the previous data point. Emerson Town Park Ward Welfare Cranham ● Hylands Ost SOME CONCERN Andrew's 10% 1 6% 1 3%= Hacton ● - 160 Upminster 🔵 free school universal housing Elm Park benefits credit meals Ranked in Havering LA: 7th Star Notes: Squirrel's Heath is indicating some concern. The score is better than the Rainham and A13 South Ockendon previous data point. A18 Wennington Index of Multiple Deprivation (2019) 13% lowest insecurity highest insecurity 37%

> \rightarrow Further opportunities to integrate nutritional and health information.











Reforming the understanding of food-insecurity

✓ Availability ✓Access **Utilization Stability Agency Sustainability**



UK Nutrition Security Map 2020-4 ~

+

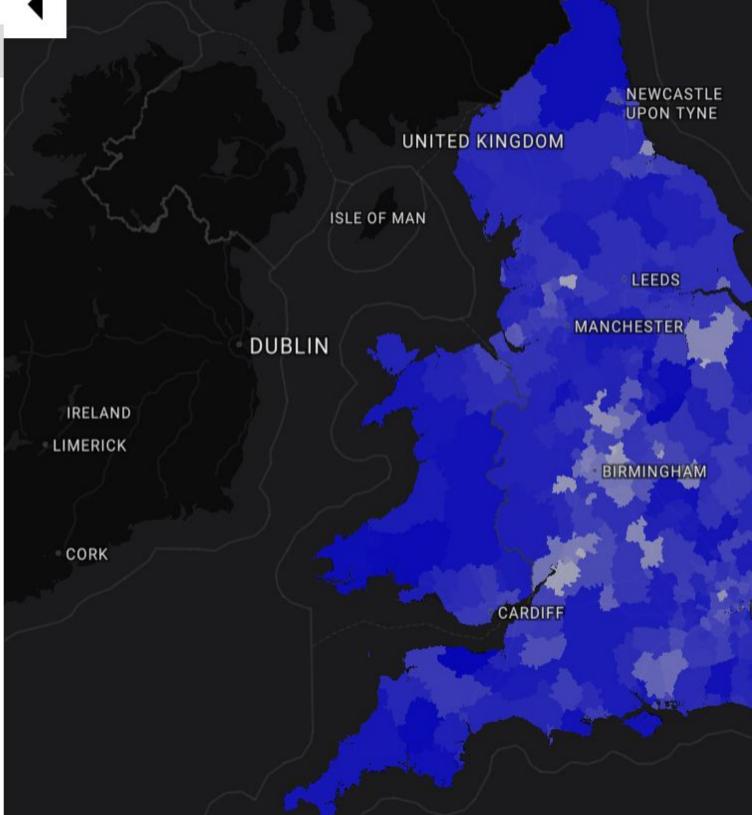
+

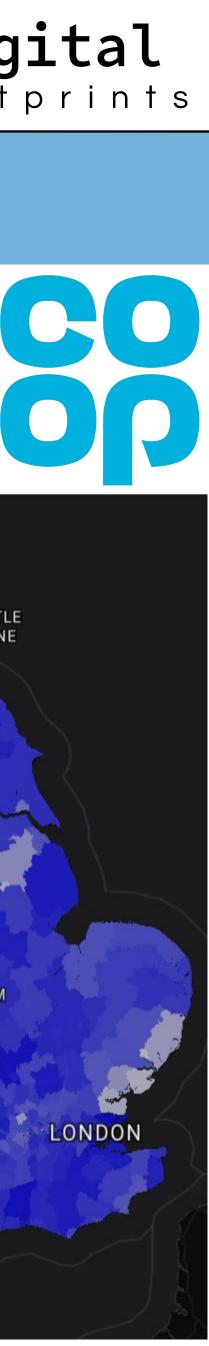
CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR

BASKET COMPOSITION

Fruit & Vegetables Grains Red Meat Poultry Fish Dairy Eggs Fats & Oils Canned Sweets Cigarettes Ready-Made Sauces & Soups Tea & Coffee Soft Drinks Beer, Lager & Cider Wine Spirits NUTRITION DATA

DEPRIVATION STATISTICS



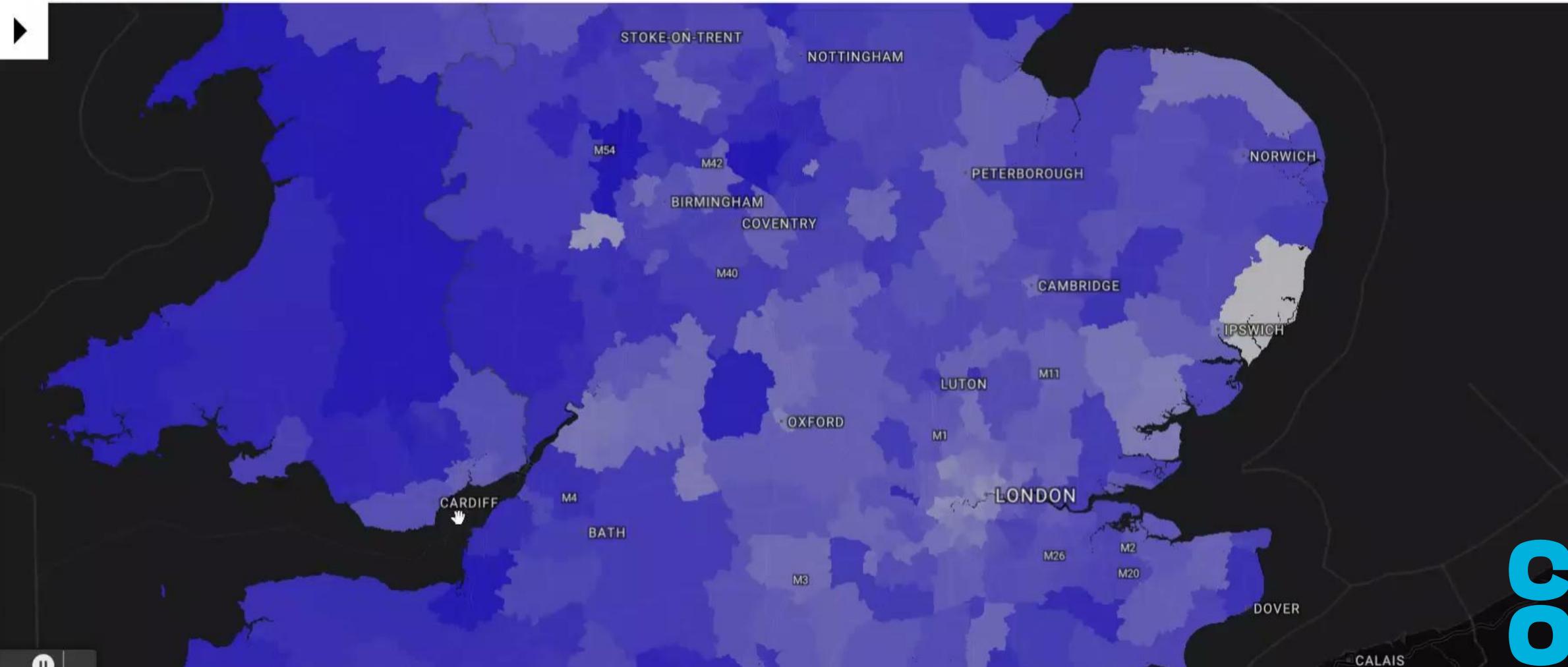




Reforming the understanding of food-insecurity

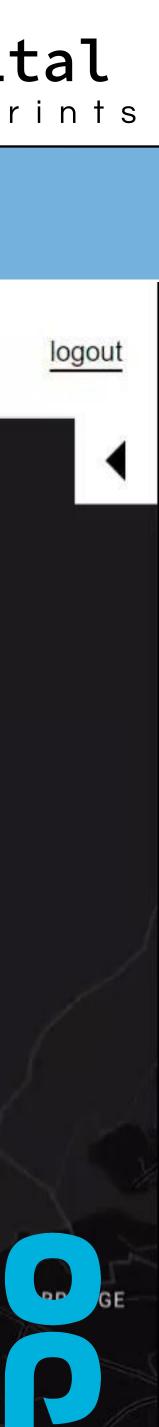
UK Nutrition Security Map

2020-4 ~





CALAIS



University of Nottingham UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

Levelling-up health early warning systems





Digital Footprints





OTC Medication

Misuse of Laxatives

Recent intervention made it more difficult to buy stimulate laxatives - however it is not clear whether this made any different to overall sales, including for misuse. We can evaluate such policies through analysis of sales of products with laxatives.

Chronic pain

Purchases of painkillers are higher in the areas where there are more part time workers.



Period pain

Purchases of painkillers bought simultaneously with period products can be used to estimate prevalence of period pain. ¹/₃ of those who bought menstrual products, simultaneously also bought pain products.

Respiratory illness

Purchases of cough medication and other flu remedies can predict spikes in respiratory deaths.

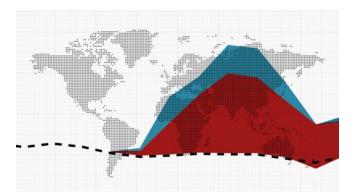


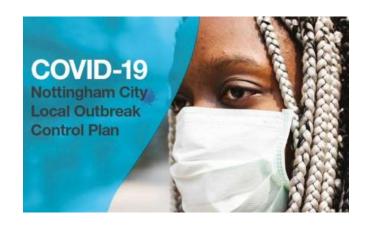






The Research Questions:





- Could we have *improve* <u>estimation</u> of unrecorded cases of COVID that occurred in the UK using digital footprint data?
- Can we identify <u>antecedents</u> of COVID deaths in that footprint data ahead of time? (for early-warning systems at scale; without reliance on self-reporting apps)
- What insight can such datasets give us on the impact to vulnerable, potentially hidden, communities (e.g. food poverty, BAME), to help long-term intervention strategies.

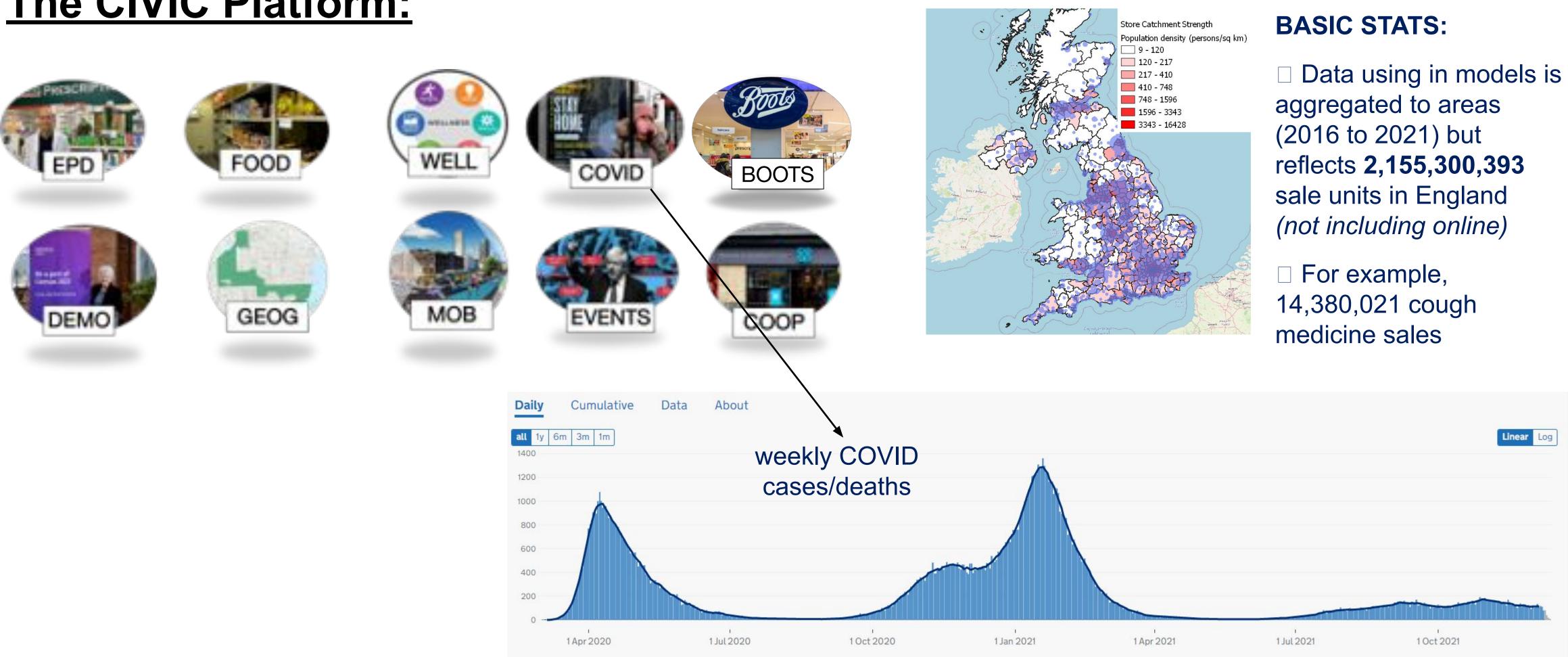


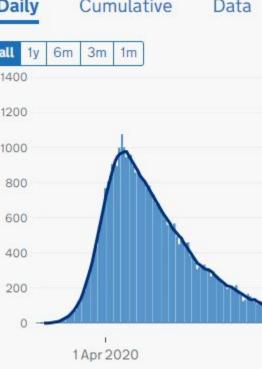
CIVIC



The CIVIC Platform

The CIVIC Platform:





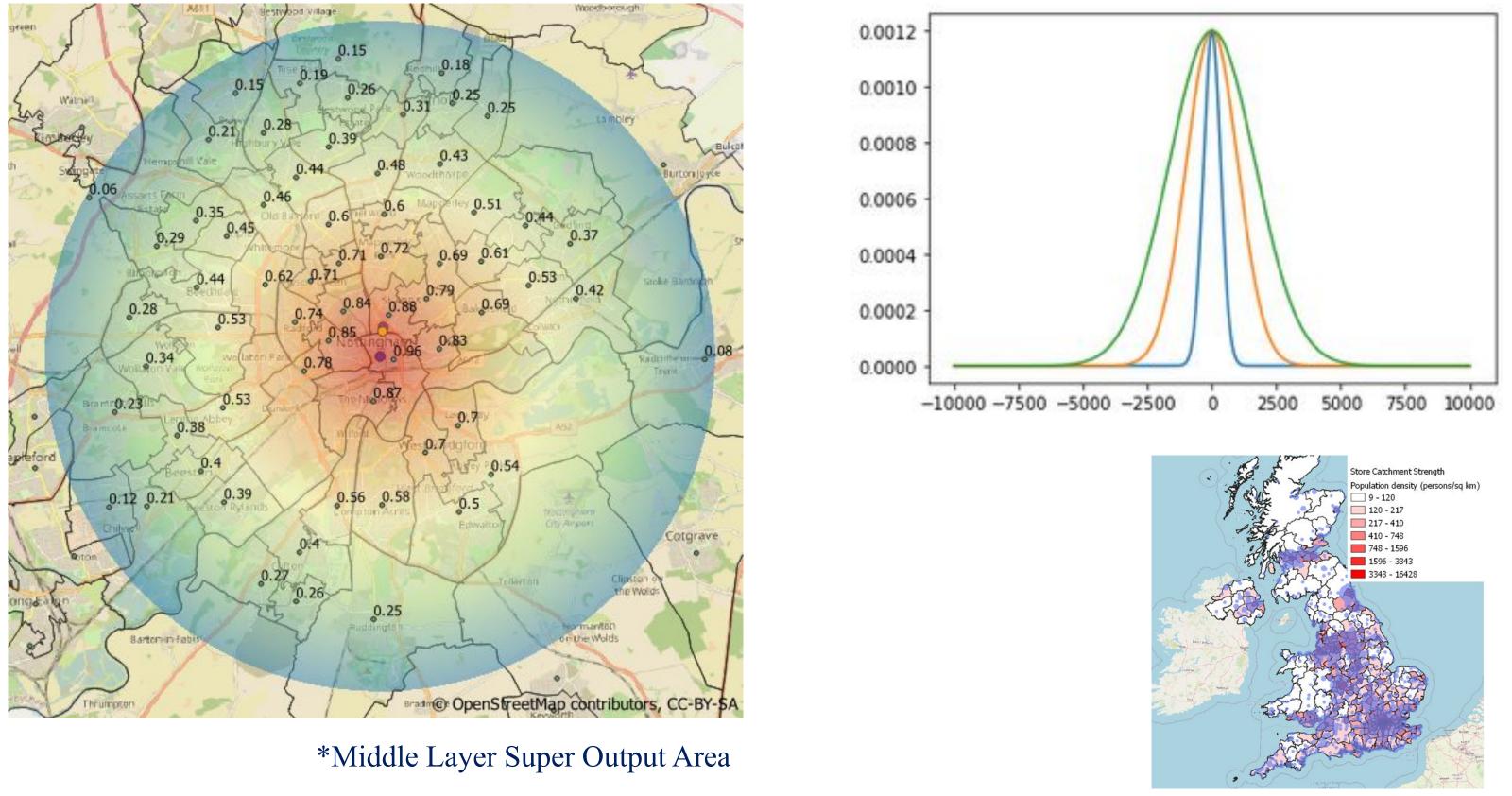


. t		a	l		
r	i	n	†	S	

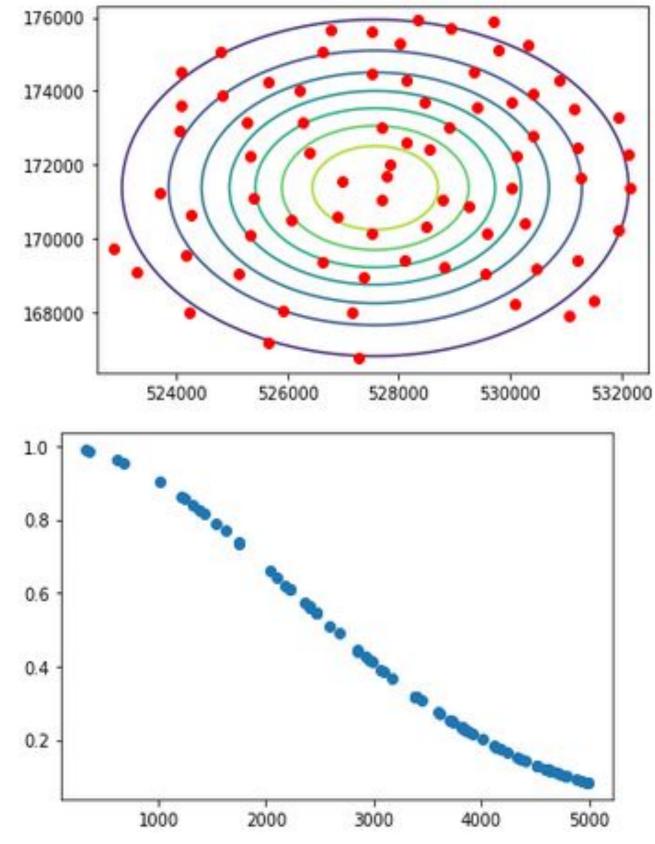


Modelling Catchment Areas

Using a normal distribution to assign 'probability' that the sale came from an individual in that MSOA











You can't use sales alone...







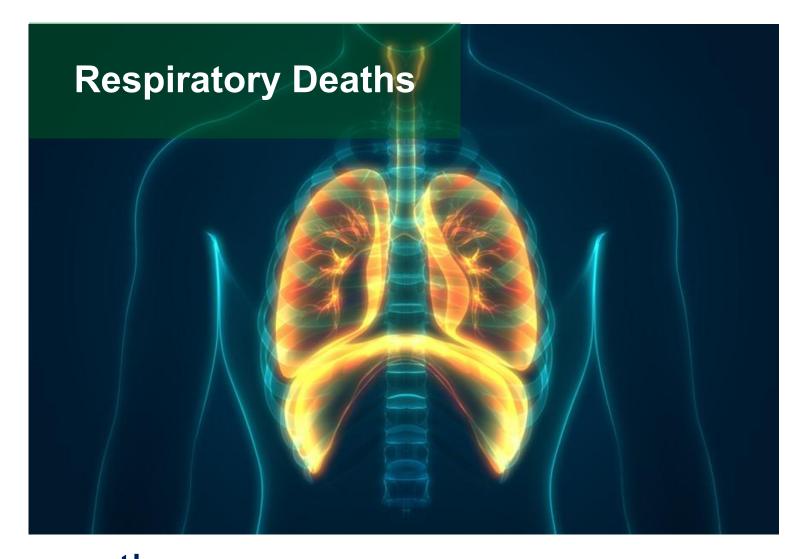


Not only does behaviour gradually change but edicts caused huge "shocks" in product purchases.... ...which change correlations between sales and the disease,



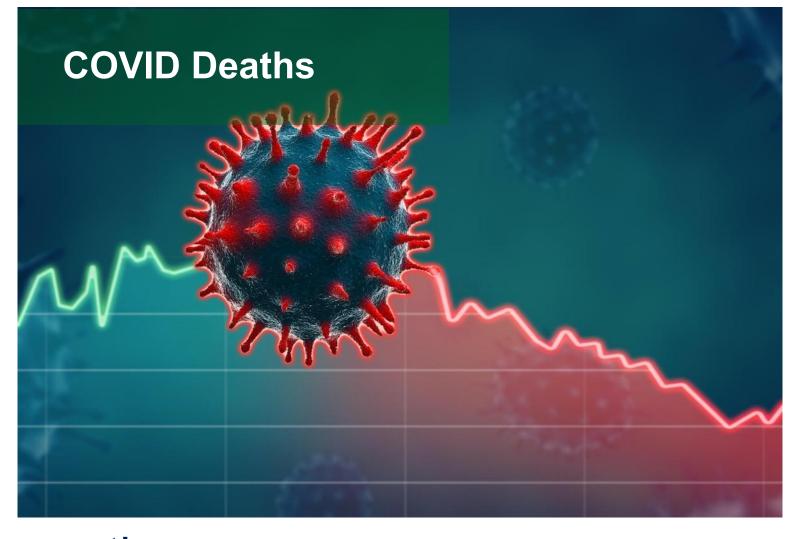


Respiratory Illnesses First!



18th March 2016





28th March 2020





The PADRUS* model

Model type: Random Forest Regressor.

Target: Predict weekly respiratory deaths 17 days in advance for each of the 314 LTLA (Lower Tier Local Authority) areas in England from 18th March 2016 to 27th March 2020.

Inputs: 56 features

Training Datapoints: 45,844 **Testing Datapoints:** 20,410

Mean Absolute

2.39

*Predicting amount of deaths from respiratory disease using sales data



(Optimized using a time series cross-validation grid-search on training data to prevent over-fitting).

Resu	Results from predicting <u>on test data</u>:						
Error	Root Squared Mean Error	R ²					
	3.42	0.78					





Features for our model

Sales features

- Itla_week_sales_17
- decongestant_17
- throat_17
- cough_dry_17
- cough_all_17
- Itla_week_sales_24
- decongestant_24
- throat_24
- cough_dry_24
- cough_all_24
- decongestant_lsr
- throat_lr,
- cough_dry_lsr
- cough_all_lsr
- decongestant_lsm
- throat_lsm
- cough_dry_lsm
- cough_all_lsm

Seasonal features

- average_rainfall
- total_rainfall
- min_temp
- average_temp
- max_temp
- week_num

Land Use features

- pct_community
- pct_industrial
- pct_residential
- pct_transport
- pct_agriculture
- pct_natural
- pct_recreation



Deprivation features

- liv_env_score
- crime_score
- housing_score
- imd_rank
- imd_score
- imd_extent
- imd_concentration

Demographics

- pct_male
- pct_female
- pct_non_white
- pct_lone_parent
- pct_other_children

Population features

- pop_density
- pop_16to24
- pop_25to49
- pop_50to64
- pop_over65

Housing Features

- pct_pre1919
- pct_pre1940
- pct_pre1973
- pct_pre1983
- pct_detached
- pct_semi,
- pct_terraced
- pct_flat

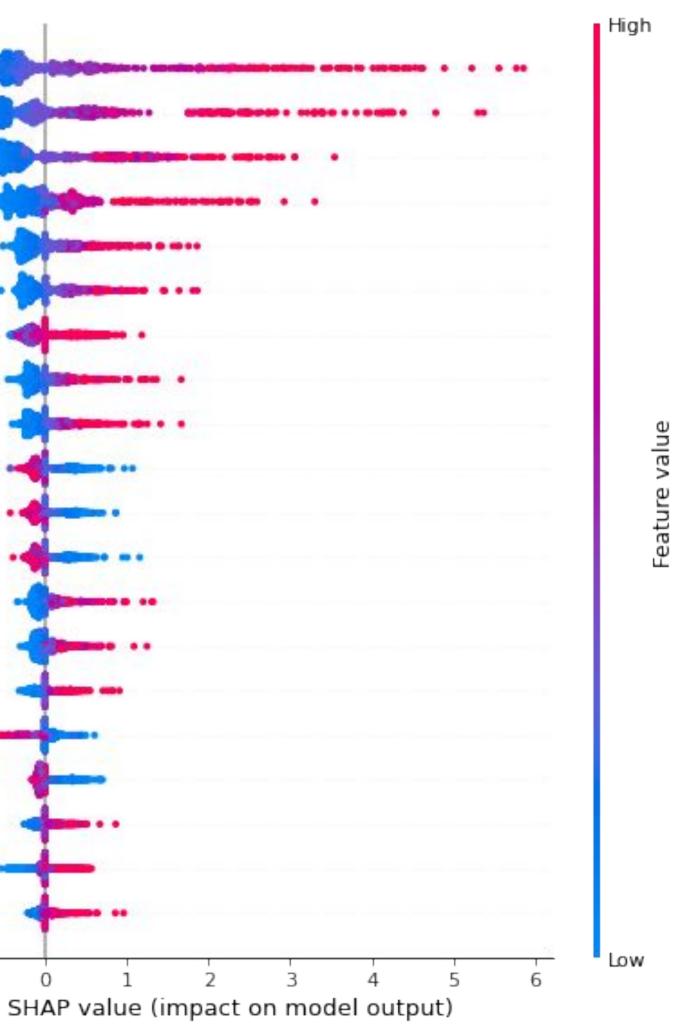


Variable Importance Analysis - Shapley

pop_over65 pop_50to64 pop_25to49 pop_16to24 cough_all_24 cough_dry_24 imd_concentration cough_all_17 cough_dry_17 average_temp max_temp min_temp decongestant_17 decongestant_24 imd_extent pct_flat weeknum imd_score pct_semi imd_rank

 $^{-1}$

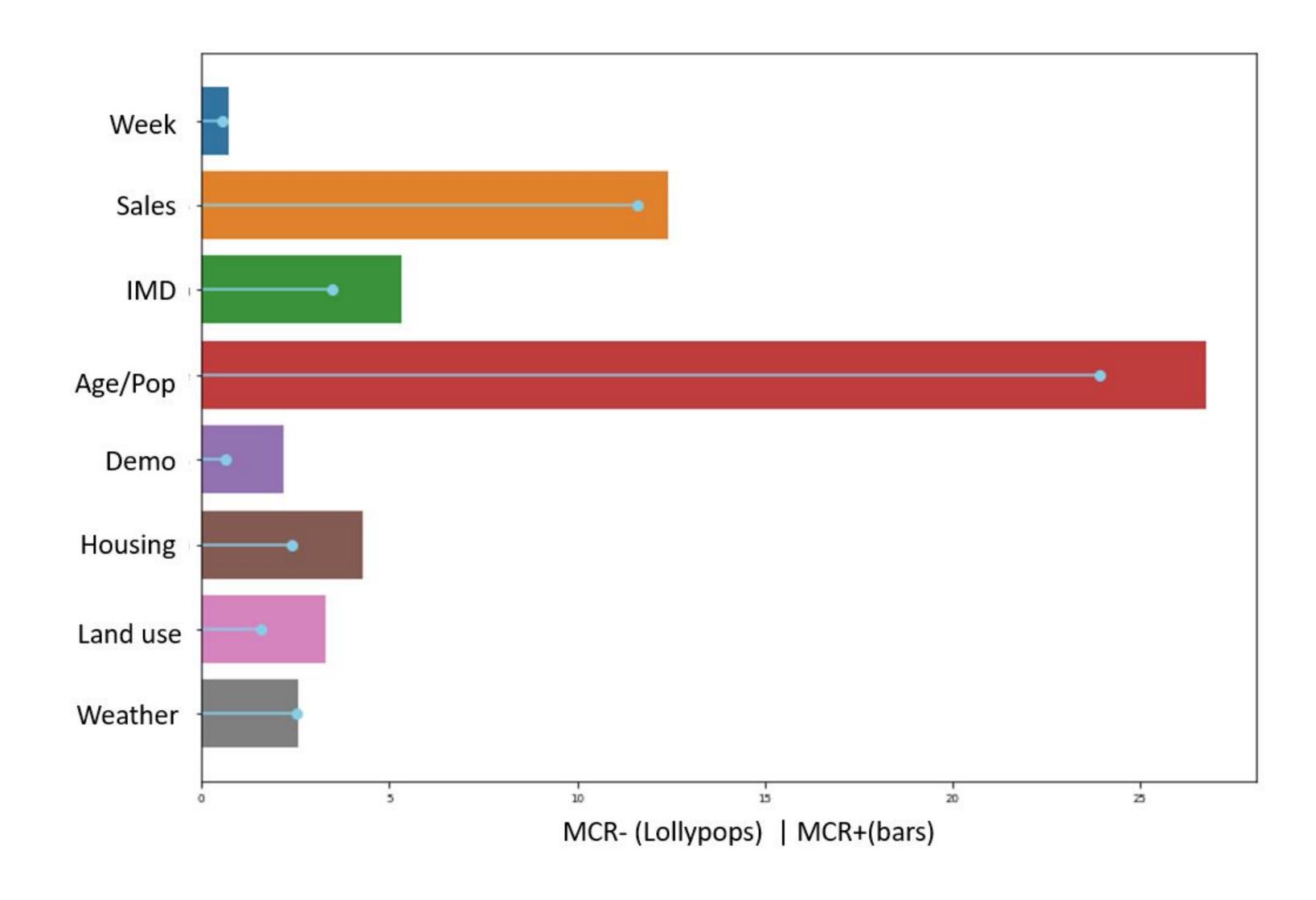








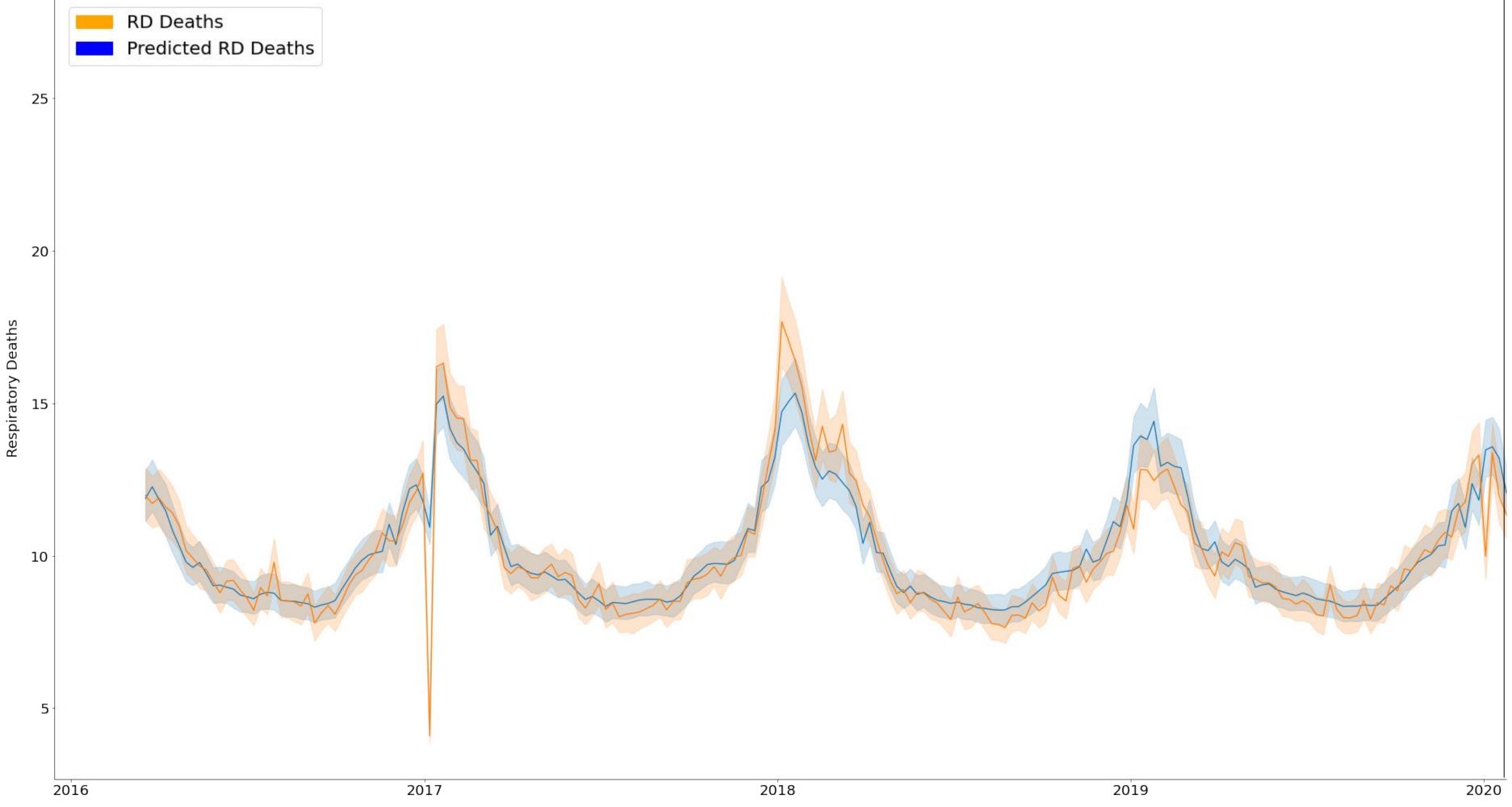
Variable Importance Analysis - MCR







Forecasting Deaths WITH sales

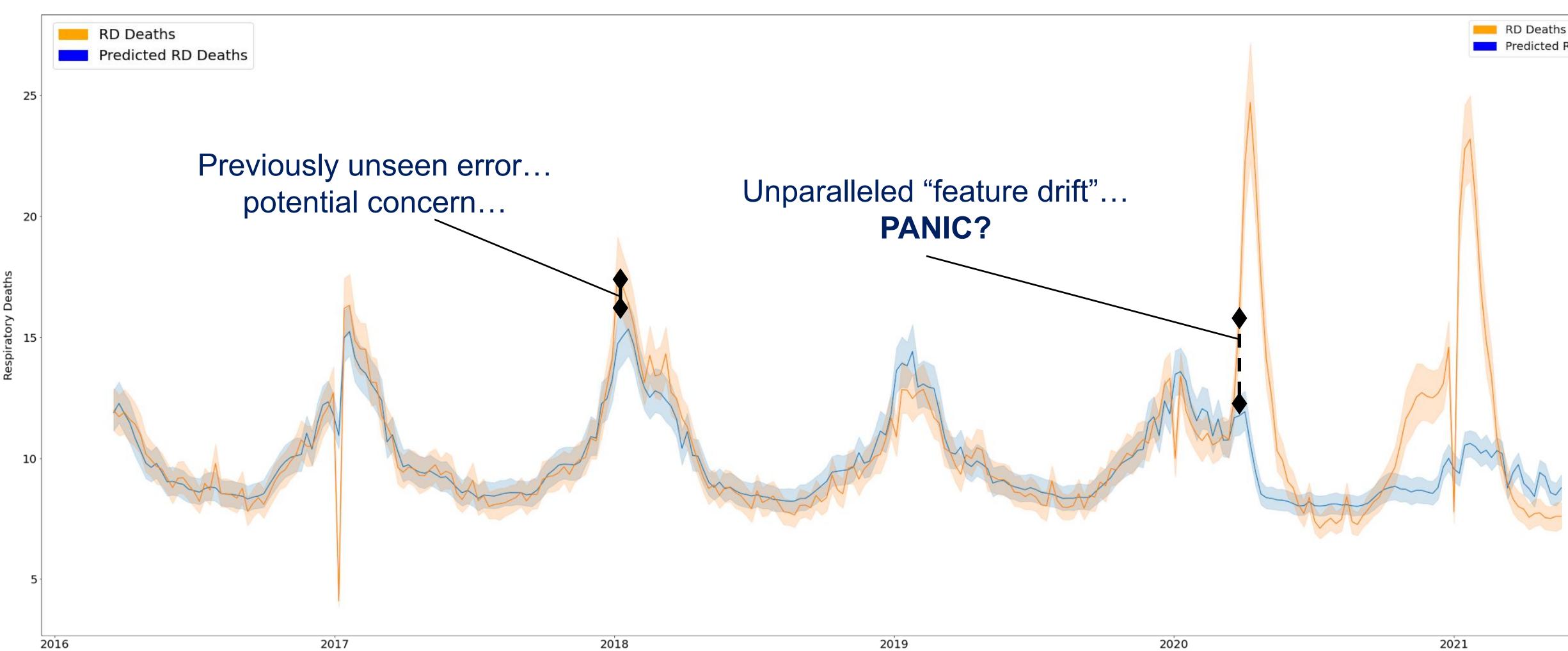








Forecasting Deaths WITH sales



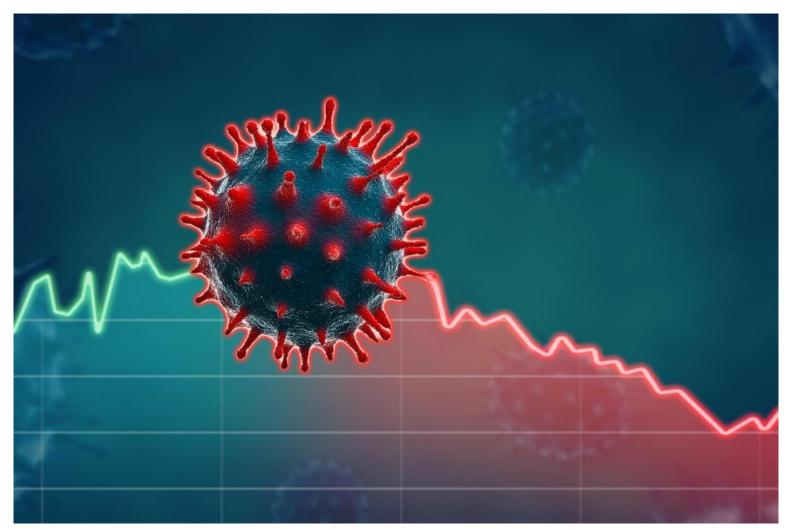


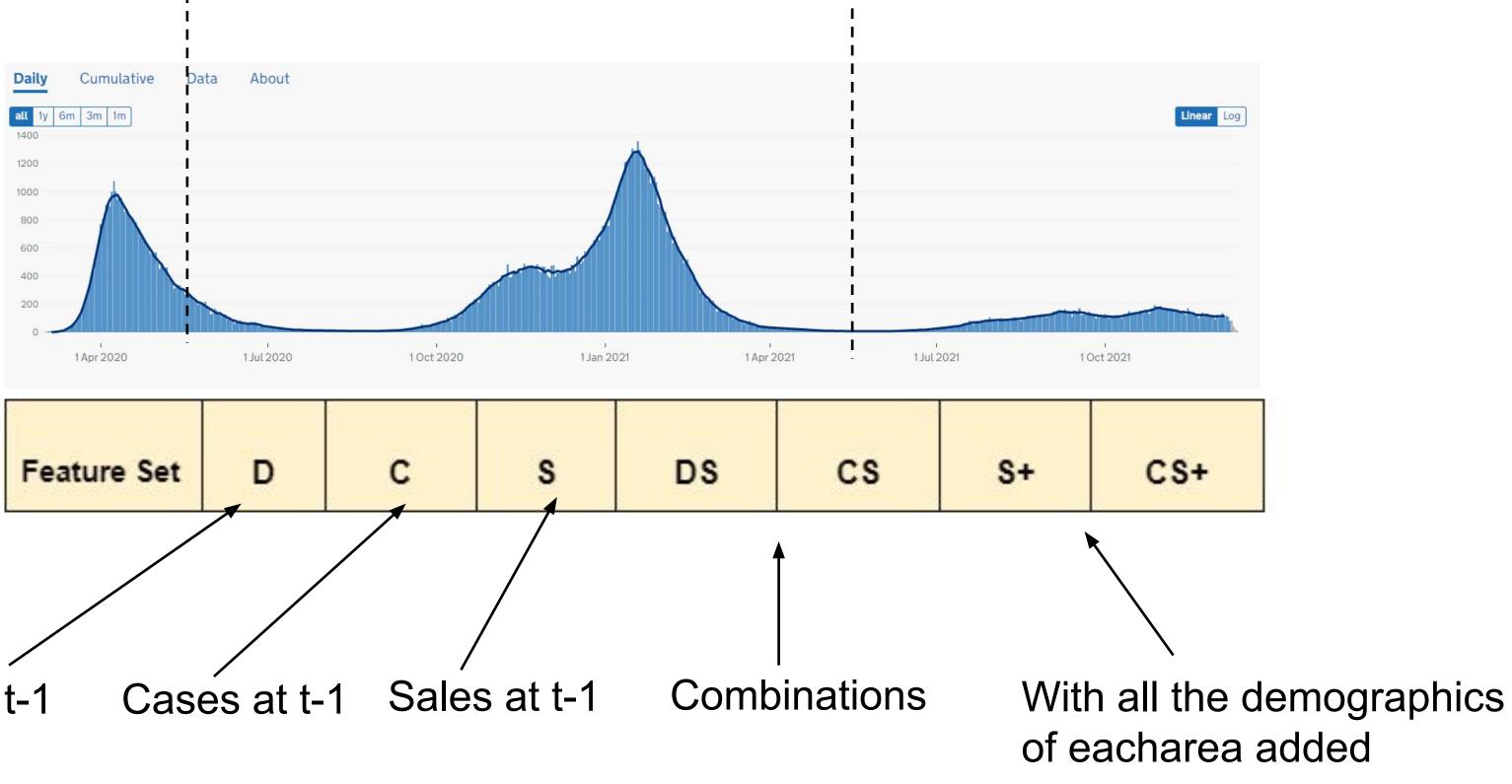


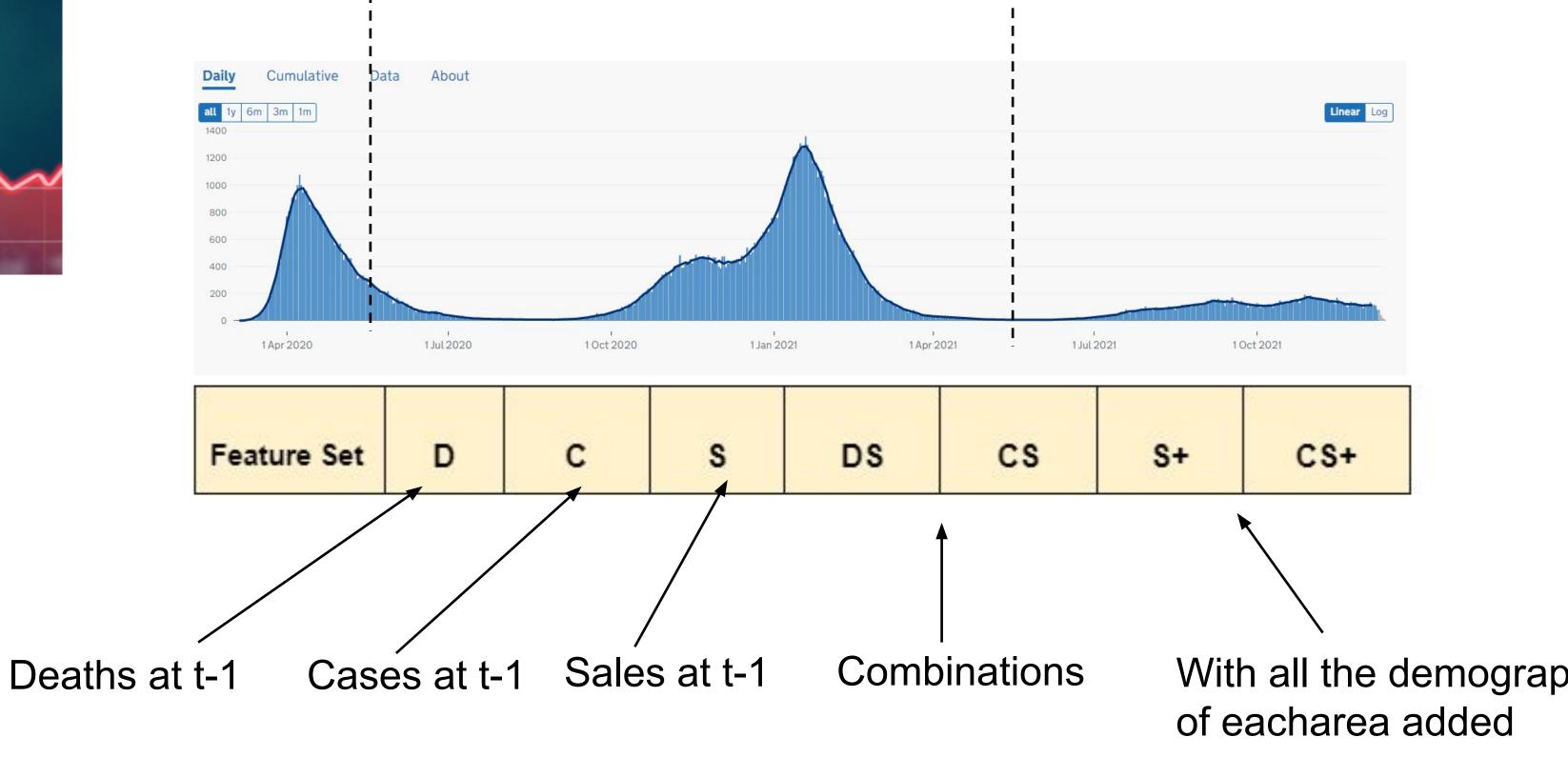




Adapting to forecasting COVID deaths











We can't currently deal with such rapid feature drift (maybe we never can)

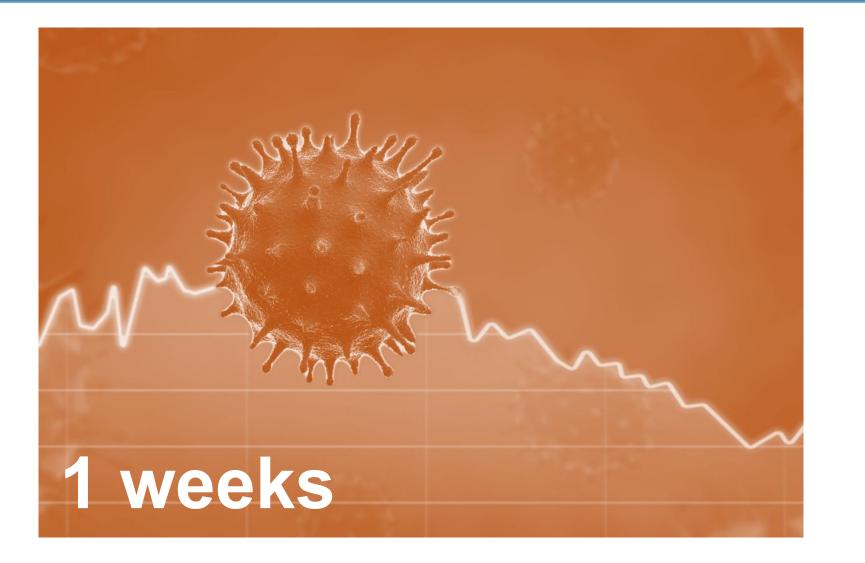
So once data arrived we created a new model for the emergence of COVID







Forecasting 1 week ahead:



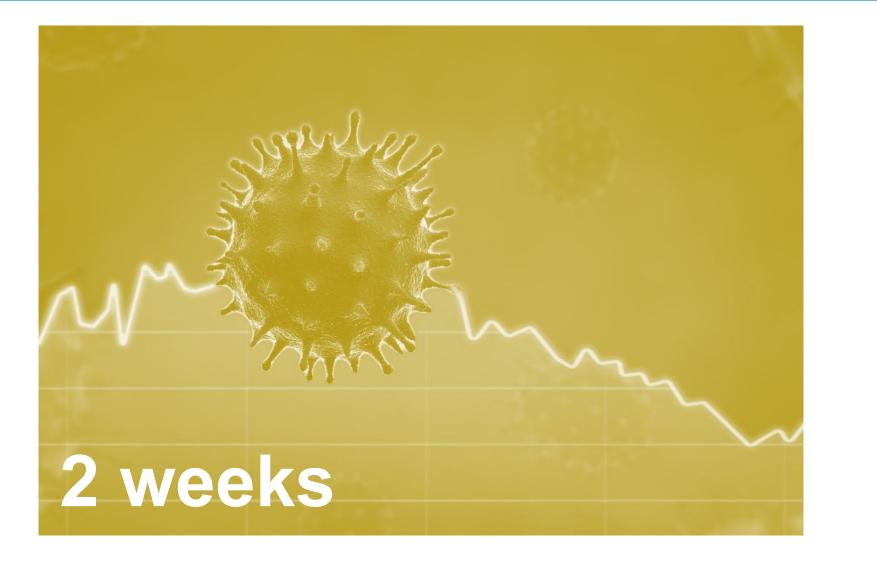
Forecasting deaths in a local authority 1 WEEK ahead							
Feature Set	D	с	s	DS	CS	S+	CS+
Best Model	RF	RF	XGB	XGB	XGB	RF	XGB
R ²	0.71	0.41	0.35	<u>0.73</u>	0.53	0.43	0.62
MAE	3.51	4.65	5.04	3.31	4.38	4.61	3.86

- Deaths "this week" is an excellent predictor for deaths "next week" ullet
- Cases are a much worse indicator the pandemic has been volatile and time-to-death > 1 week lacksquare
- Sales by themselves are a poor indicator for the same reasons as cases. ullet
- BUT, as with flu prediction, sales can "fine tune" predictions of load on the NHS. •





Forecasting 1 week ahead:



Forecasting deaths in a local authority 2 WEEKS ahead								
Feature Set	D	с	S	DS	CS	S+	CS+	
Best Model	SVR	RF	RF	RF	XGB	XGB	XGB	
R ²	0.47	0.50	0.42	0.60	0.62	0.48	<u>0.67</u>	
MAE	4.78	4.40	4.74	4.11	3.88	4.40	3.52	

- •
- Sales have also improved as a predictor.... but still not quite as good as cases. lacksquare
- But cases and sales TOGETHER are now the strongest predictor ullet(In particular when you add additional contextual and traditional demographic data into the analysis).

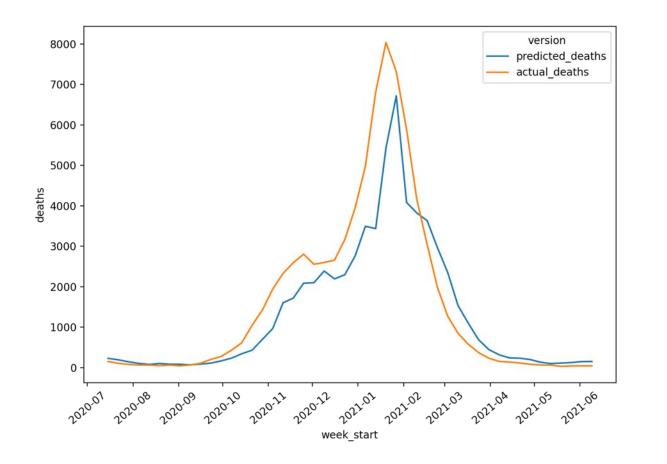


Cases are now not only a better indicator than before, and in fact better than deaths.



Forecasting 3 weeks ahead:





Forecasting deaths in a local authority 3 WEEKS ahead								
Feature Set	D	с	s	DS	CS	S+	CS+	
Best Model	SVR	RF	RF	RF	XGB	XGB	XGB	
R ²	0.26	0.44	0.44	0.52	0.61	0.50	<u>0.68</u>	
MAE	5.75	4.91	4.75	4.52	4.11	4.41	3.67	

- \bullet



This pattern strengthens even further at 3 weeks ahead.

Sales are now just as good a predictor as Cases.

However, combined they provide even greater accuracy than 2 weeks ahead (echoing the respiratory analysis results). 3 weeks seems like a "sweet spot".

Sales clearly contains unique health information

- capturing different demographics / types of vulnerability?

University of Nottingham UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

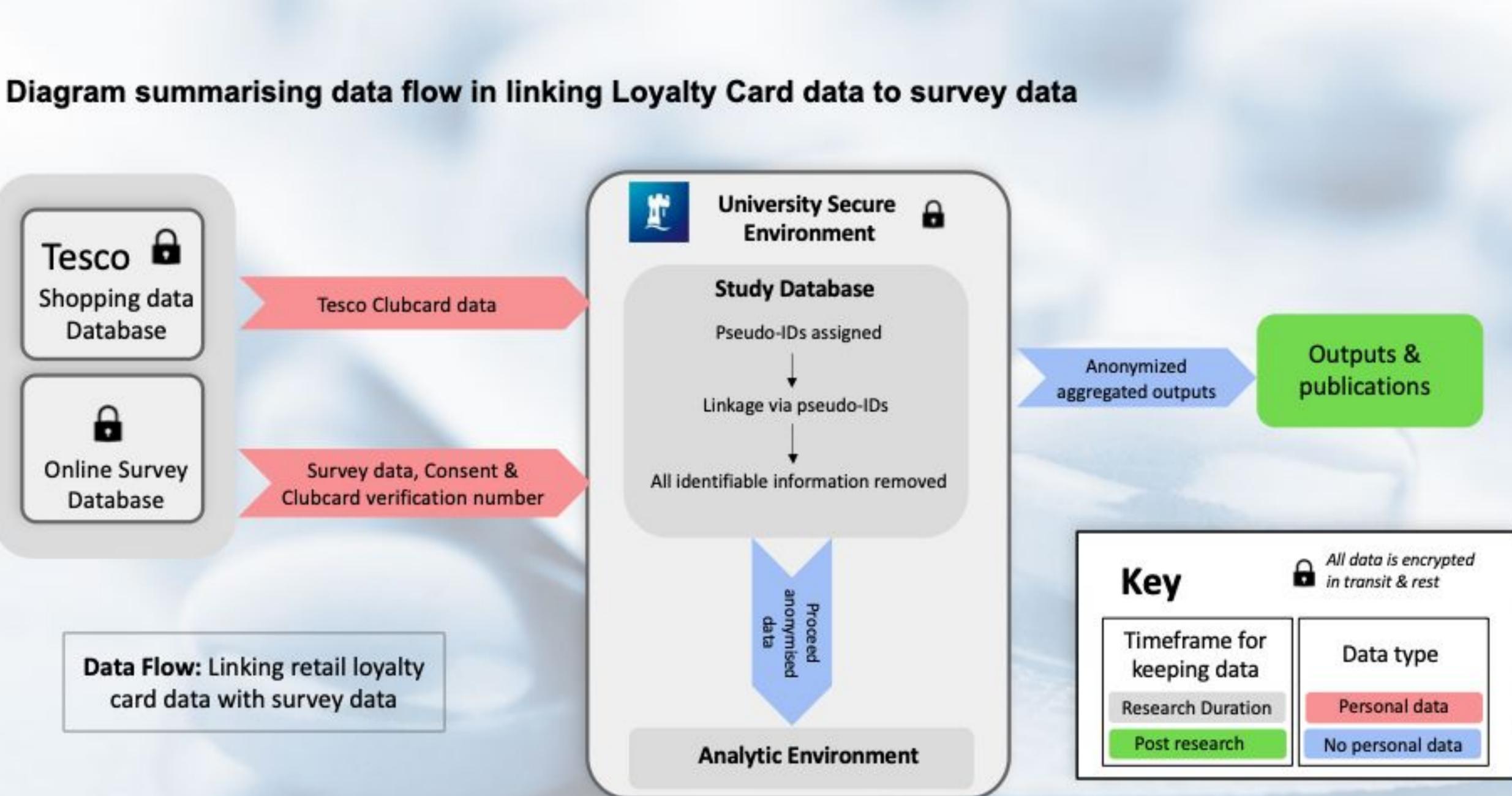
Levelling-up via data linkages





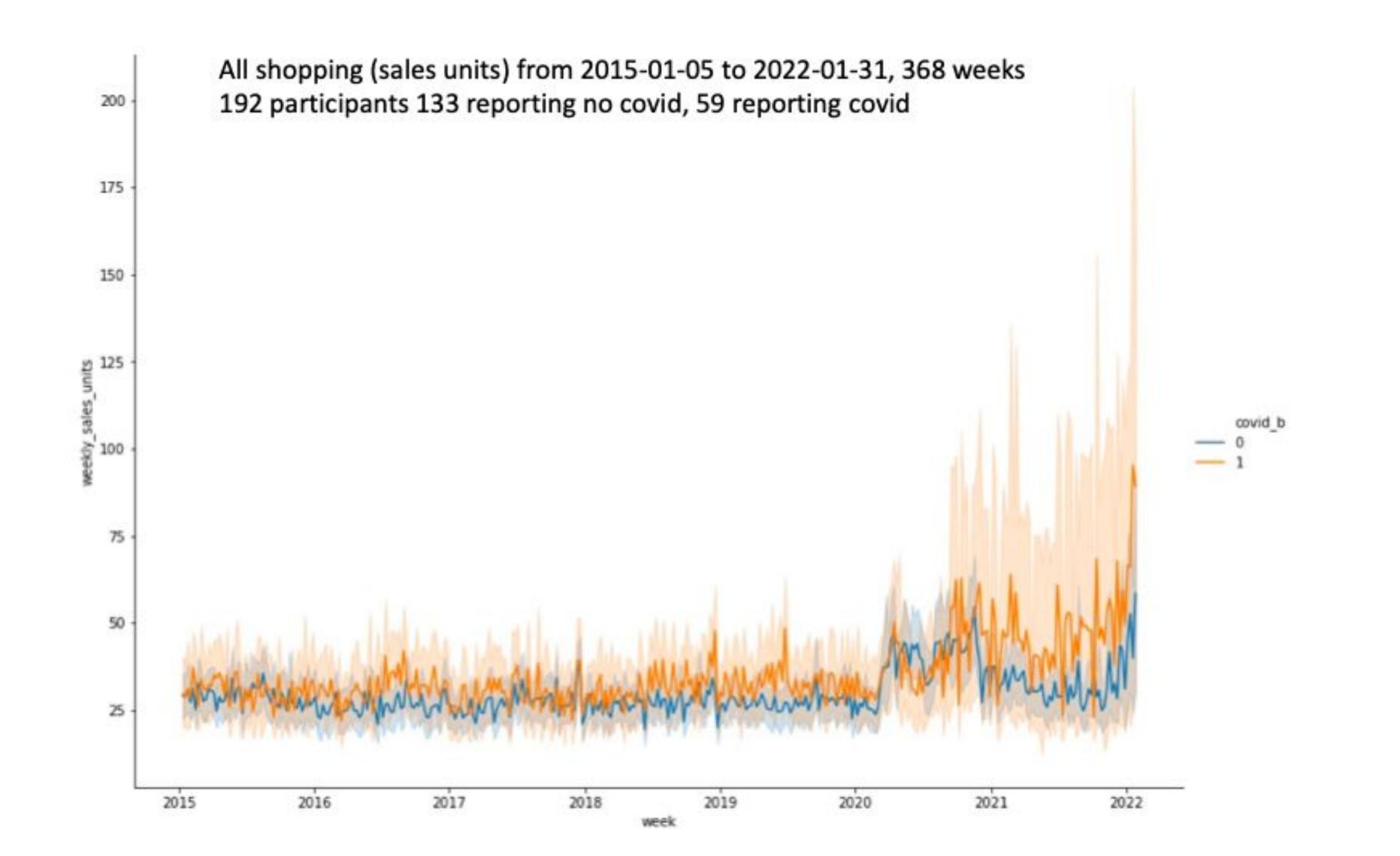
Digital Footprints







Individual level data: COVID







Linking shopping data into cohorts

Stage 1: Data linkage

- ALSPAC
- Acceptability
- Ethical and legal basis
- Linkage infrastructure
 - Data management

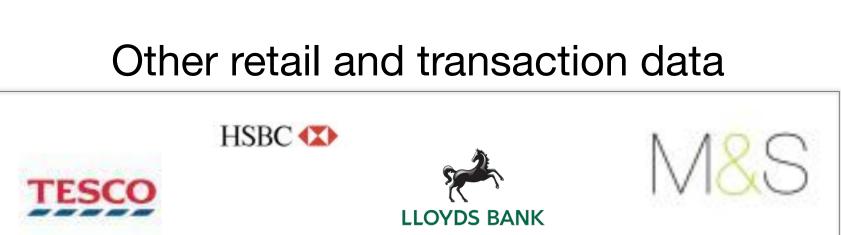
Stage 2: Validating data

- Sampling biases
- Measurement error
- Validating patterns in the

Longitudinal Cohort Studies

data









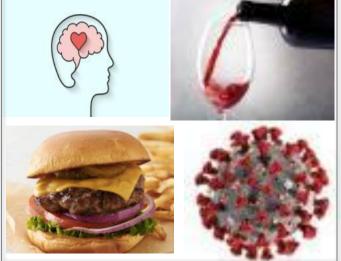


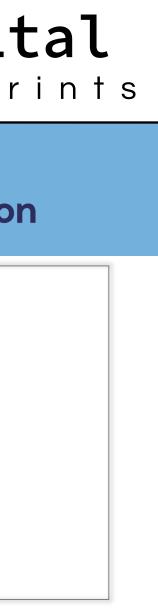
UK Research and Innovation

Stage 3: Research

- Reproductive health
- Nutrition & lifestyle
- Respiratory illness
- Self-medication









Do you want to be involved?

U

Designing the future of data donation



Home Our Vision Our Members Research Papers

Useful Articles Blog

The University of Nottingham

UNIVERSITY OF LEEDS

The Data Donation Advisory Council is an independent body of experts in data donation research, usage and best practices.

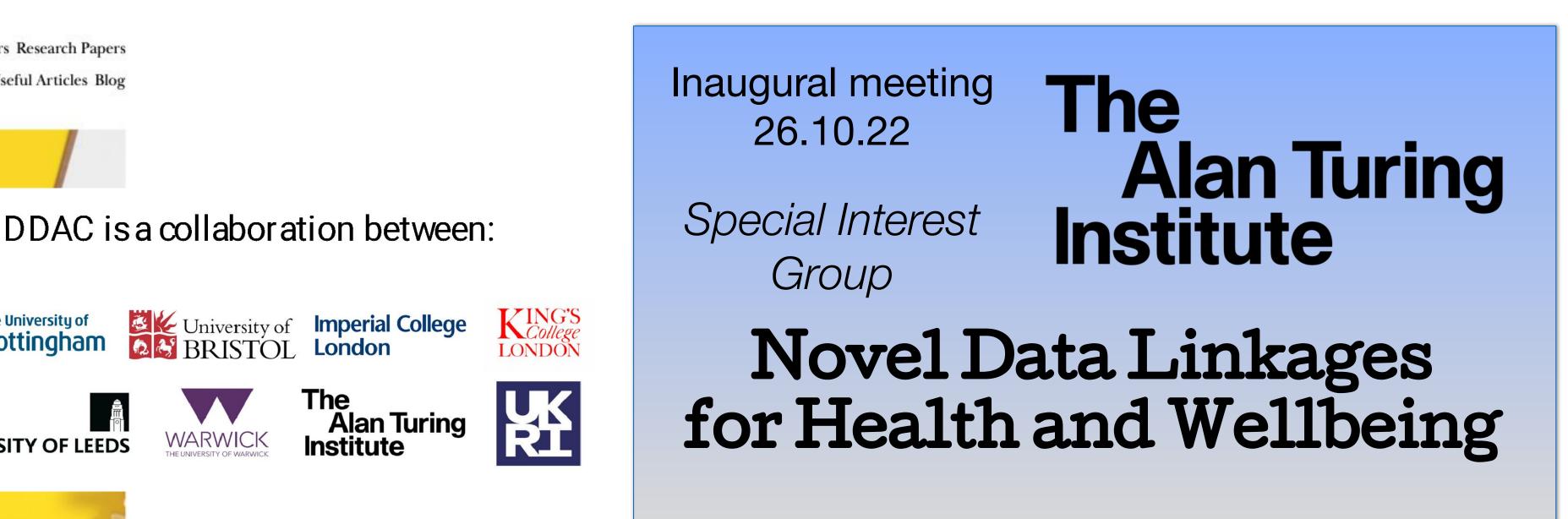
Our goal is to create trustworthy, straightforward and secure structures for the donation, transfer and use of personal digital footprint data for social good research. Connecting individuals who truly consent, with businesses and researchers who are committed to transforming health environment and wellbeing for the benefit of all.

Read More University of BRISTOL London

WARWICK

The Alan Turing Institute





james.goulding@nottingham.ac.uk georgiana.nica-avram1@nottingham.ac.uk nlab.org.uk

> anya.skatova@bristol.ac.uk digifootprints.co.uk

University of Nottingham UK | CHINA | MALAYSIA

Thank you